(LIVth YEAR.) THE (No. 2725.)

MARYLAND GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, APRIL 4, 1799.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, March 8, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act to alter, abolish and repeal certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, and the act to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned, be published once in each week, for the term of three months, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, and the Herald, at Easton, and in Green's and English's paper, at George-town.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Council of Maryland.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, certain parts of the constitution and form of government of this state, as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three seperate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cæcil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

III. *And be it enacted*, That Anne-Arundel county, including the city of Annapolis, shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts.

IV. *And be it enacted*, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. *And be it enacted*, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted*, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

An ACT to alter, abolish and repeal, such parts of the constitution and form of government of this state as are therein mentioned.

WHEREAS the holding elections at any one place in each county of this state is attended with great inconvenience to all citizens remote from said place, and operates to deprive many persons entitled to suffrage from the exercise of that right; and as it is desirable that the full, free and fair voice of the people should be expressed in their choice of the functionaries of government,

II. *Be it enacted, by the General Assembly of Maryland*, That the several counties of this state, for the purpose of holding all future elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, shall be divided into separate districts in the manner herein after directed, viz. Saint-Mary's county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Kent county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Calvert county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Charles county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Talbot county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Somerset county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Dorchester county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Cæcil county shall be divided and laid off into four separate districts, Prince-George's county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Queen-Anne's county shall be divided and off into three separate districts, Worcester county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Frederick county shall be divided and laid off into seven separate districts, Harford county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Caroline county shall be divided and laid off into three separate districts, Washington county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Montgomery county shall be divided and laid off into five separate districts, Allegany county shall be divided and laid off into six separate districts.

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IV. *And be it enacted*, That Baltimore county, out of the limits of the city of Baltimore, shall be divided and laid off into seven districts, and that the city of Baltimore shall be laid off into eight districts.

V. *And be it enacted*, That all and every part of the constitution and form of government relating to the judges, time, place and manner, of holding elections in the city of Baltimore, and all and every part of the second, third, fifth, fourteenth and forty second sections of the constitution and form of government of this state, which relate to the judges, place, time and manner of holding the several elections for delegates, electors of the senate, and sheriffs of the several counties, be and the same are hereby abrogated, repealed and annulled, and the same shall hereafter be regulated by law.

VI. *And be it enacted*, That no person possessing the qualification of property required by the constitution shall be entitled to vote at any election to be held for sheriffs, delegates to the general assembly, or electors of the senate, unless there be some written evidence that he is worth thirty pounds, or a freehold of fifty acres of land, at the time he offers to vote, this written evidence to be an assessment of property to that amount, which assessment may be made at any time before such person offers to vote, upon his producing satisfactory testimony of his possessing such property; the manner of making out such assessment, and the person or persons to judge of the qualification as to property, to be hereafter regulated by law.

VII. *And be it enacted*, That all parts of the constitution and form of government not herein before enumerated, which are repugnant to, and inconsistent with, the provisions of this act, be and the same are hereby repealed, annulled and avoided.

VIII. *And be it enacted*, That if this act shall be confirmed by the general assembly, after the next election of delegates, in the first session after such new election, as the constitution and form of government directs, that in such case this act, and the alteration of the said constitution contained therein, shall be considered as a part, and shall constitute and be valid as a part, of the said constitution and form of government, to all intents and purposes, any thing therein contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

In COUNCIL, Annapolis, January 29, 1799.

ORDERED, That the act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state, the act, entitled, An act to repeal part of an act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state, and the supplement to the act for the direction of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for the better regulation of juries, be published once in each week, for the term of six weeks, in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore, the Rights of Man, at Frederick-town, Green and English's paper, at George-town, and in the Easton paper.

By order,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clk.

A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state.

BE *it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland*, That the governor and council be authorised and required annually to appoint and commission for each county in this state, seven of the most discreet and best qualified persons of the said county, from the list of those annually commissioned as justices of the peace, who shall be styled in the commission justices of the levy court of such county, and who shall be dispersed as equally as may be through the county; and that in case any vacancy shall happen in any of the said courts by refusal to act, death, removal out of the county, resignation or disqualification, the governor and council be authorised and required from time to time to supply such vacancy.

And be it enacted, That the governor and council shall appoint eleven justices of the peace as justices of the levy court for Baltimore county, four of whom shall be resident in the city of Baltimore, and the remaining seven resident in the county, any thing in this act to the contrary notwithstanding.

And be it enacted, That the justices of the levy courts aforesaid, or a majority of them, shall be and are hereby invested with all powers which the justices of the peace of said counties have had at their respective meetings as levy courts of their said counties.

And be it enacted, That no member of the general assembly, or commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed under this act.

And be it enacted, That each of the justices of the levy courts aforesaid shall have and receive, as a compensation for his services, the sum of two dollars, and no more, for every day he shall attend the duty of his office, the said allowance to be assessed and levied as other county charges.

And be it enacted, That no justice of the peace of any of the several counties of this state, other than those justices appointed and commissioned by virtue of this act, shall have or exercise any of the powers given to the justices of the levy courts to be appointed and commissioned in virtue of this act, any law to the contrary notwithstanding.

This act to continue and be in force until the twentieth day of October, one thousand eight hundred and one, and until the end of the next session of assembly that shall happen thereafter.

An ACT to repeal part of an act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state.

WHEREAS by an act, entitled, A Supplement to the act for the establishment and regulation of levy courts in the several counties of this state, passed at this present session of assembly, it is enacted, that no member of the general assembly, nor commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court under the said act, and whereas exclusions from office ought not to be introduced further than public utility may absolutely require,

Be it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland, That so much of the said act as provides that no member of the general assembly, or commissioner of the tax, shall be appointed a justice of the levy court under said act, be and the same is hereby repealed and made void and of no effect, any thing in the said act contained to the contrary notwithstanding.

A Supplement to the act, entitled, An act for the direction of sheriffs and coroners in the return of jurors, and for the better regulation of juries.

BE *it enacted, by the general assembly of Maryland*, That the general court, and every county court, shall at all times have power to direct talesmen to be summoned to serve on juries, where, without such talesmen, there would not be twenty of the original pannel exclusive of the jury charged, from whom a jury can be formed, and if the parties, or their counsel, agree, the drawing of a pannel of twenty jurors in any cause may be dispensed with.

To the VOTERS of PRINCE-GEORGE'S COUNTY.

I AM solicited by my friends to offer myself as a candidate at your next election, and at the particular request of some of the leading characters on Patowmack I now take my pen to address you on that head. It has been said in our county that I am not a decided character, you know my heart too well for me to dwell on that subject—true, I never was of any party in my life; I trust I never shall. I admit our constitution as one of the best in the world, and I hope I ever shall be watchful of the rights and liberties of our citizens—If you think me a character worthy of your confidence I shall humbly thank you for your votes—Should I be elected I pledge my honour honesty shall be my motto, sincerity my creed. Give me leave to subscribe myself

Your humble servant,
R. A. CONTEE.

Bladensburg, December 5, 1798.

PETERSBURG, *November* 15.

The emperor Paul I. immediately after his accession to the throne renounced the alliance with the powers at war with France by the advice of prince Kurakin, whom he appointed his minister. Having since been succeeded in the office of vice-chancellor, which is the second station in the empire, by M. de Kotstubey, nephew of the chancellor prince Bedborodsko, there was an immediate change in the political system of the count. It was M. de Kotstubey, who, during his embassy at Constantinople, made the basis of the treaty between Russia and the Porte. The first change was followed by many others both in the administration and the army.

The corps of general Rosemberg entered Germany, to serve as auxiliaries against the French; it is composed of two columns, each consisting of two divisions. The first column and division commanded by lieutenant-general Levow, consists of 6,386 infantry and 3,234 cavalry. The first division of the second column has 6,307 foot and 2,787 horse, is under the command of lieutenant-general Paul Swelkowski, having brigadier Tirlow under him; he also leads the second division, with which are the majors-general Kedschin and Sercikowski; that is composed of 5,145 infantry, and 3,072 cavalry the whole of the four divisions amounting to 23,462 foot and 12,287 horse. In this army are a great number of Cossacks, who form the advanced and rear-guard of each division.

The Court Gazette has published the order issued to the army by the emperor, previous to its march. His majesty expresses, to the colonels of the regiments and the commandants of grenadier battalions, "his great satisfaction and acknowledgment of the order that reigns in this corps, and to the soldiers, convinced of their inviolable fidelity, their zeal and bravery, he already anticipates those heroic actions by which they will signalize themselves in the annihilation of those who are the enemies of religion, as well as of humanity in general."

[This letter, which is from a distinguished personage in Russia, may serve to refute the absurd stories with which the Paris papers are filled, respecting the composition and discipline of the Russian army now marching towards the Danube.]

NEW-YORK, *March* 28.

The following extract of a letter dated Jamaica, 15th February, 1799. was handed to us by a gentleman of this city for publication.

"There is nothing to be bought here that will answer. Coffee 26 dollars per cwt. sugar 12 to 14 dollars, rum 6 dollars per gallon. There are 7 or 8 armed vessels, from 18 to 20 guns, with men, or had when they arrived; but have now two guns to one man. They are either pressed on board men of war, or have died with a fever which is very mortal at this time. There are 6 New-York vessels under adjudication; about 40 Americans in all. There is now a trade to St. Domingo, in particular vessels, with dry goods, provisions and flour. A number are going up immediately, by permission of the government, to trade; but if an American is caught in sight of the island, he is sent to Jamaica for adjudication.

TRENTON, *March* 26.

It is rumored that the spirit of disaffection to the federal government, on account of the tax act, is spreading itself into the northern part of this state, bordering on Northampton county. We sincerely hope that this intelligence may prove unfounded. Perhaps discontents may arise, but we have too much confidence in the good sense of our fellow-citizens to believe that they can be so lost to their duty, honour and interest, as to make any illegal opposition to the laws of their country.

In the tax act, the government of the United States, always studious for the ease and convenience of its constituents, whenever the public service required additional revenue, has been uncommonly attentive to those particulars, and it is certainly one of the most unexceptionable of the kind ever formed. In the large cities and towns where this law will be most burthensome, it has met with little or no opposition, while in the country, where it will be the least felt, the opposition is, in many places, violent and outrageous.

On Saturday morning last, a detachment of artillery under the command of captain Henry from Governor's Island, New-York, and a detachment of infantry from New-Brunswick, under the command of lieutenant Boote, left this place for the rendezvous at New-Town, Pennsylvania, to be in readiness to act against the insurgents of that state. From the soldierly appearance of these troops, and the high state of discipline they appear to be in, we feel confident that they will not disgrace the cause in which they are called to act.

We understand that the federal troops from Baltimore, and from Winchester, (Virginia,) are also on their march for the seat of insurrection.

PHILADELPHIA, *March* 25.

It is reported that a government express arrived on Saturday from Northampton, with intelligence that the insurgents had dispersed, and that every thing in that quarter, at present, bears the aspect of peace, and submission to the laws.

We cannot vouch for the authenticity of the above; but from the active preparations going forward amongst the different volunteer corps, we are inclined to believe, that government place but little confidence in the pretensions of the insurgents. A party of federal troops, under captain Geddes, will march this day from Fort Mifflin, and it is even confidently asserted, that the blues, together with the other volunteer corps of the city, will march in the course of the week.

March 26.

Extract of a letter from captain Stephen Decatur, to the secretary of the navy, dated

On board the Delaware, off the Moro Castle, March 5, 1799.

SIR,

"I embrace the earliest opportunity to inform you, that last night, about twelve o'clock, we saw a sail standing after us, after giving her four guns, she hove to, and proved to be the privateer Mansouin, commissioned out of Cape Francois, which has expired several months. She mounts by her commission one brass nine pounder in her hatchway, ten swivels, ten muskets, thirty cutlasses, bound from the Havanna to Cape Francois, with a load of beef and pork, as I understand. She was commanded by captain Hermand."

Hon. B. Stoddert.

Extract of a letter from lieut. Byrne, of the cutter General Greene, dated

Off the island of Cuba, March 9.

"On the 5th instant, at one P. M. we fell in with and captured the schooner Porpoise, pierced for 12 guns, had one brass nine pounder, and 26 men, loaded with provisions, from Havanna bound to Cape Francois—she sails very fast—captain Decatur took all the men out of her, and we have manned her between us. Our master, Mr. Mariner, is prize master—we intend keeping her with us. The Governor Jay was not in sight when we captured her. We are convoying another fleet of 20 sail, bound to different ports in America, but none to Philadelphia—we send the prisoners home by the fleet. There are two cruisers ready to come out from the Havanna, we hope we shall fall in with them."

The numberless reports from Northampton now prevalent in this city, are so various and opposite, that no faith can be attached to any of them. This much we believe to be true, that, on Wednesday last, a meeting of the deputies from the different townships of Northampton county, was to have been held at Quaker-town, to deliberate whether it were most expedient to submit to or oppose government. The person who gives this information left that neighbourhood on Wednesday morning last, of course could not give any intelligence as to the result of their deliberations.

March 28.

A few days before the Norfolk, captain Williams, sailed, general Desforneaux's secretary, arrived at St. Kitt's, for the purpose of inducing captain Truxton to restore the Insurgente. He told captain Truxton that if she was not delivered up immediately, general Desforneaux would give orders to the French cruisers to capture all American vessels without discrimination. Captain Truxton answered that he had acted in perfect obedience to the orders of his government, and that no other power would induce him to give up his prize. The secretary then made use of promises and entreaties; and, at length, finding captain Truxton inexorable, he left him, muttering imprecations against the Americans, and returned to Guadaloupe.

HALIFAX, (N.C.) *March* 11.

Last week passed through this place, Elijah Cooper, a native of Dumfries in Virginia, who says he escaped on the 28th of December last from Guadaloupe, in company with a captain Arnold, of New-York, of the schooner Highlander, of 12 guns, 44 men, who was taken by the French privateer L'Esprit, of 14 guns, 168 men, after an engagement of five glasses, in which captain Arnold had four men killed and six wounded, and L'Esprit 25 killed. Cooper further says, that a great discrimination is made by the French in Guadaloupe, between the British and American prisoners; the former being confined in the criminal's prison, a large commodious building, with a yard in which they are allowed to walk, with the benefit of a fine cistern of water, and many other conveniencies; and the latter are confined in a solitary church, where they are locked up day and night, and obliged to devour the miserable pittance of three ounces of bad beef, raw, with 11 ounces of black bread; and compelled to work on the fortifications, under the control of insolent and domineering black soldiers, who beat them frequently on the slightest pretext.

BALTIMORE, *March* 28.

Extract of a letter from a very respectable man in Charleston, to his friend in Alexandria, dated February 4, 1799.

"The vessel which arrived here some days since with the passengers who were considered so hostile to our government, prove to be as follows:—The lady is the same who figured in the dispatches, and whose rebukes were so severe on general Pinckney. Instead of a machine of the Directory, this female deplomatist, has undertaken the toils of so long a voyage to give some person in the general's suite the pleasure of naming his issue. The *white man* is a near relation of the *fair one*, who has come for the purpose of seeing her well received: The mulattoes, are their servants; notwithstanding the great exertions that have been used to hurry them into confinement and to have their papers all secured, and all communications with them prohibited, they have found means to communicate their motives and business in coming here, which will, I hope, relieve us from the great panic we have been put into by the *two tubs*, and the fear of having our government overturned and our country ruined by a poor deluded, deceived woman, who not only deserves the pity, but the protection of every worthy person. I understand they are to be released, and the matter amicably settled."

March 30.

The following extraordinary circumstance is related as having actually happened during the engagement between the Constellation and Insurgente frigates. A twenty-four pound shot from the Constellation having entered the after part of the Insurgente, in its passage killed eleven men, dismounted a gun, damaged the carriage of another, and its force being spent, fell on the deck. An officer picked it up, and carried it to the captain, observing that it was in vain to contend with a ship which carried such heavy metal. It was supposed this circumstance contributed not a little to the fortunate event of the action. The ball is now on board the ship Alexander Hamilton, captain Remington, lately arrived in this port from St. Kitt's.

On the morning of the day the Insurgente was taken, she had been chased by two British frigates, and escaped by her fast sailing. She is described as a very fine frigate, coppered, and having a number of brass guns and swivels mounted. She was not much damaged, but had a shot through her main-mast, another through her bowsprit, and several in the hull.

Soon after the constellation went into St. Kitt's, the Concorde British frigate passed near her, and gave captain Truxton three cheers.

[*Phil. Gaz.*]

April 1.

On Saturday arrived the schooner Hebe, captain Hubbard, 79 days from Leghorn. We learn by this arrival that notwithstanding the assistance given by admiral Nelson to the Neapolitan king, he has been obliged by the French army to retire to the Island of Sicily; leaving the Frenchmen in complete possession of his dominions on the continent. We have also learnt by the same arrival that the king of Sardinia has been dispossessed of his dominions on the continent, and that his majesty has been sent to Paris; for what purpose we know not. The above mentioned vessel had touched at Algiers on her passage home, where she learnt that the French consul was held in the Bonds of slavery, in consequence of the declaration of war against the French republic by the Algerines. The general report at Leghorn was, that Buonaparte was in quiet possession of Egypt.

Confirmation strong.

SALEM, March 22.

Latest from Europe.

Captain Philips, in the ketch John, arrived here yesterday from Lisbon, which place he left on the 22d of February. Before he sailed, it was reported there, and generally believed, that the French troops had made themselves masters of Naples, and that his Neapolitan majesty had retired to the island of Sicily.

From the accounts received by the Hebe, and the corroborative information via Salem, we presume that the king of Naples has been forced to resign his possessions on the continent and retire to his more local dominion—the island of Sicily.

Annapolis, April 4.

Written on the death of CHRISTOPHER CHARLES M'GRATH, comedian, who died February 24th, 1799, at Reading, Berks county, Pennsylvania.

ON Schuylkill streams where Reading's turrets stand,
And fertile nature charms on ev'ry hand;
Amid the dead that moulder in that ground,
A little hill of new rail'd earth is found;
M'Grath lies there, the Muses favour'd child,
On whom or ease, or plenty rarely smil'd;
No tender friend around the suff'rer hung,
To catch the accents of his faul'tring tongue;
No strict attention from the doctor sage
To ease the exit of life's mortal stage.
A stranger's hands the last sad office paid,
By strangers hands his form in earth was laid;
No stone is plac'd where his pale relics lie,
Or name engrav'd to catch the passing eye.
M'Grath no hoarded riches had in store,
A stranger he, and his companions poor,
Else had the tribute of a verse been paid
The Muses son, the Thespian by trade;
Whilst sculptur'd urns and marble busts arise,
Those gew-gaws wealth affords to common eyes,
Whilst venal bards invented virtues write,
Oft matchless worth is lost in dreary night;
But ah! what verse could half his merits tell,
Or half the woes that on his virtues fell,
Could paint his candour and his talents too;
Nought but his own productions e'er could do.
His silver'd Muse such soothing accents sung,
As please the old and fascinate the young,
His well plac'd satire never fail'd to wound,
It gain'd the jocund, nor e'er lost the friend.
Such strains pathetic touch each feeling mind,
And draw reluctant tears from souls unkind;
Strains never printed, never wrote for fame,
And lost, I fear, as soon will be his name;
But never shall his worth from me depart,
Or e'er his mem'ry vanish from my heart.
Take then, dear shade, in Heaven inshrin'd,
This artless offspring of a pensive mind;
This humble verse, the tribute of a friend,
Who knew your virtues, and regrets your end.

JUVENIS.

I WILL SELL, on moderate terms, several small tracts of LAND, within two miles of the city of Annapolis. For terms apply to

JOHN HESSELIUS.

Primrose Hill, November 10, 1798.

In CHANCERY, March 9, 1799.

ORDERED, That the sale made by SAMUEL MAYNARD, junior, trustee, as stated in his report, of certain land mortgaged by SAMUEL MAYNARD to FREDERICK GRAMMAR, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn on or before the first day of May next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the Maryland Gazette three times before the 20th day of April next, or served before that day on the said Samuel Maynard and Frederick Grammar.

The said report states, that the said land, called Smith's Delight, containing 150 acres, hath been sold at the rate of forty shillings per acre.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, April 1, 1799.

JOSHUA GROVES, an insolvent debtor, of Anne-Arundel county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required, and the said Joshua Groves being known to the chancellor to be at this time a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and to have been such at the time of passing the said act; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the first day of November next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act prescribed, in presence of his creditors, and that, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks, before the thirtieth instant, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said first day of November, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication, (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

SYPHON,

A full bred horse, four years old,

Will stand to cover mares this season, at Mr. THOMAS MACKALL'S every Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, the rest of the week at Mr. JAMES HEIGHE'S, at 16 dollars each, if credit is required, or 8 dollars each, and half a dollar to the groom, if paid by the first day of August next.

SYPHON is full fifteen hands one inch high, a bright bay, with a star, snip, and two white feet, was got by Mr. Craggs's High Flyer, whose pedigree is well known, his dam by Cincinnatus, his grand-dam by Chatham, his great-grand-dam by Selim, his great-great-grand-dam by Figure, his great-great-great-grand-dam by Selim, his great-great-great-great-grand-dam by Mr. Carter's imported horse Crab.

N. B. Good pasturage may be had at either place gratis, but will not be answerable for accidents.

DANIEL COOPER, Groom.

Calvert county, March 27, 1799.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the subscriber (from having experienced great depredations upon his property) will prosecute any person who shall hereafter trespass or travel through his plantations on Frankland and Warburton Manor, either on foot, or driving of carts and waggons, otherwise than for the purpose of getting fish, during the shad and herring season, on his different seine landings upon Warburton Manor, on Patowmack river and Piscataway creek; and he will also prosecute any person or persons who shall attempt to hale the seine at his landings above the tide mark after the 25th March next.

THOMAS ATTWOOD DIGGES.

N. B. The subscriber has to let out, for the fishing season, four seine landings, viz the Swan Creek Landing, the Point or Digges's Landing, and the Cliffs and Old Piscataway Landings, which are inferior to very few for the take of shad and herrings.

Warburton, February 15, 1799.

In CHANCERY, March 25th, 1799.

ORDERED, That the sales made by HENRY HOWARD, Trustee, as stated in his report, of certain mortgaged land of MICHAEL BEACHGOOD, shall be ratified and confirmed, unless cause to the contrary be shewn, on or before the 29th day of April next, provided a copy of this order be inserted in the next Maryland Gazette.

The said sale was of 58 acres, 1 rood and 23¼ perches, at the rate of £98 per acre.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

RAN away, on Tuesday the fourth instant, from the estate of WILLIAM SANDERS, on South river, a negro man named DENBY, a stout black fellow, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 9 or 10 inches high, has a quick pert way of speaking; took with him sundry clothing, among them a coat and breeches of dark striped elastic cloth, a white muslinet waistcoat, and an old pair of corded breeches, a new small round hat, bound, and a pair of black shoes; it is expected he has made for Baltimore. A reward of TEN DOLLARS will be paid for securing him in the gaol of Baltimore, so that he be had again, or FIVE POUNDS if taken a greater distance.

WILLIAM BROGDEN.

September 10, 1798.

TAKE NOTICE

THAT agreeably to an act of assembly, passed at November session, 1797, for the more effectual collection of the county charges in the several counties of this State, the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county have this day made a return to the commissioners of the tax of said county of the following list of lands, and lots of ground, in said county, whereon no personal property can be found to pay the tax, and that unless the county charges due thereon are paid within the space of thirty days after the publication of this notice, the said lands and lots of ground, or such parts or parcels thereof as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes due, and costs thereon, will be sold to the highest bidder, as the law directs.

Names of Land.	Amt. Tax.	Names of Persons.
Part of Bakers Addition	0 10 7	Naaman Williams.
Part of Gibb's Folly, Pound and Bear Neck	2 6 2	George Wells.
Batt's Neck, Pytherston and Homewood's Purchase	7 18 8½	Richard A. Contee.
Lots in Elk-Ridge Landing	2 10 7	Edward Spurrier.
Lots in ditto	1 14 6	Dennis Griffith's trustees.
Lots in ditto	1 6 10	Samuel Godman's trustees.
Part of Thomas's Lot	0 5 9	Basil Williams.
Part of Half Pone	0 13 3½	John Barlow.
Andover and part Walker's Inheritance	10 7 5	Thomas Harrison, deceased.
Land, name unknown,	4 7 3	Thomas Dobbins.
Jones, Dan, and lots at Pig Point	9 7 2	Henrietta Walker.
Birkhead's Adventure	1 11	Charles Cowley.
Harrison's Enlargement	3 18 1½	Samuel Lane.
Addition to Saint Jeromes	4 17 6	Francis Worthy.
Taylor's Settlement	25 8 5	Benjamin Galloway.
Part of Worthington's Beginning	6 2 8	Thomas Worthington, of John.
Part of Worthington's Beginning	0 18 6	Joshua Watts.
Talbot's Adventure, part Littleton, Soldier's Fortune, Prudence Chance, and part of Snowden's Reputation Supported	4 14 6	John and Samuel Snowden.
Part of Duvall's and part of Trusty Friend	11 18 6	John Snowden.
Moore's New-Market	2 8 11	Mercer Stevens.
Part of Hammond's Forest	0 7 8	Elijah Robosson.
Part of Abbington, Hereford, and the Addition to Hereford	6 16 11	William King.
Part of Worthington's Beginning	2 17 6	Capt. Elie Dorsey.
Part of Brooksby's Point	1 19 6½	Henry H. Dorsey.
Pinkstone's Fancy, Barber's Addition, and part Ridgely's Chance	1 15 8½	Nicholas Ridgely.
Part Snowden's Reputation Supported	1 3 9	Elizabeth Gary.
Parishes Chance and Clary's Hope	3 10 3	Peter Parish.

JOHN BRICE,
JAMES DISNEY,
WILLIAM HALL, 3d.
THOMAS WORTHINGTON, of NICH } Commissioners.

March 26, 1799.

In CHANCERY, March 27, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of THOMAS GASSAWAY, of Allegany county, praying the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Thomas Gassaway is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Gassaway, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor, the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the said Thomas Gassaway, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each week, of three successive weeks, in the Maryland Gazette before the last day of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear at the chancery office at eleven o'clock, on the eighth day of May next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Gassaway's then and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

NOTICE is hereby given to the collectors of the tax for Anne-Arundel county, that they be and appear before the Levy Court, in the city of Annapolis, at the house of Mr. James West, on Friday the 12th of April next, to settle their accounts for the collection of the said tax.

By order,

NICH. HARWOOD, Clk.

March 16, 1799.

RAN away from the subscriber, living in Anne-Arundel county, on the Head of South river, negro NOLL, a bright mulatto slave, about thirty-eight years of age, of a thin visage, about five feet four inches high, with long bushy hair, has been in common used to house work, she is a very good spinner, and, in fact, understands how to do any thing about a house; her cloaths are uncertain, as she took with her more than one suit; she has been seen in Annapolis, and it is not unlikely but that she may now be there. I will pay EIGHT DOLLARS to any person that will bring her home, or secure her so that I get her again.

WILLIAM HALL, 3d.

February 8, 1798.

I DO hereby make known to all those it may any way interest, that I have this day, as agent for FINDLAY, HOPKIRK, and Co. of the city of Glasgow, merchants, appointed Mr. FRANCIS B. FRANKLIN, jun. of Charles county, to recover, by every means in his power, and with the utmost expedition, all monies, or other effects, due to the said company, at their late stores at Port-Tobacco and Leonardtown, heretofore under the management of Mr. Matthew Blair.

GAB. WOOD.

Port-Tobacco, February 1, 1799.

By his EXCELLENCY
BENJAMIN OGLE, Esquire,
GOVERNOR of MARYLAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS it appears by the deposition of William Crosman and representation of Henry Hall Dorsey, Esquire, of Anne-Arundel county, that a certain John Tufft, of the said county, on the second day of January last, beat, in a cruel manner, the said William Crosman, and that the said Tufft still threatens the aforesaid Crosman, and refuses to be taken by the officers of government, or to submit to the laws, so that the said Crosman is duly in danger of his life; and whereas it is obviously the duty of the executive to guard as much as may be against the commission of such enormities, and to bring such offenders against the laws and peace of society to justice, I have therefore thought proper, by and with the advice of the council, to issue this my proclamation, authorising and enjoining all sheriffs, and other officers of the peace, to apprehend and convey before some one of the judges or justices within this state the said John Tufft, in order that he may be dealt with according to law; and I do hereby exhort and require the good people of this state to be aiding and assisting the said officers in the execution of their duty.

Given in Council, at the city of Annapolis, under the seal of the State of Maryland, this eleventh day of March, seventeen hundred and ninety-nine.

BEN. OGLE.

By the Governor,
NINIAN PINKNEY, Clerk
of the Governor and Council.

In COUNCIL, March 11, 1799.

ORDERED, That the foregoing proclamation be published every day for the space of six weeks in the Maryland Gazette, at Annapolis, and the Federal Gazette, at Baltimore.

By order,

NINIAN PINKNEY.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of JOSHUA FRAZIER, late of the city of Baltimore deceased, are requested to make immediate payment, and those to whom the said estate may be indebted are desired to bring in their respective claims, legally authenticated, to

RICHARD FRAZIER, Executor
of JOSHUA FRAZIER.

ALL persons having any just claims against the estate of JOHN BULLEN, Esq; late of the city of Annapolis, deceased, are desired to produce them, legally authenticated, to the subscriber, and all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, to

THOMAS JENINGS, Administrator
with the will annexed.

THE subscriber forewarns all persons from dealing with any of his slaves in any manner or way whatever without leave in writing from himself, or some one of his family; this notice he hopes will be attended to, as he is determined to put the law in force against any offender.

THOMAS HARWOOD, of Annapolis.

June 12, 1798.

Attention!

HAVING undertaken the collection of the county assessment for the year 1798, notice is hereby given, that, for the convenience of the people, I have fixed upon the following places and times of meeting, when and where I request they will be pleased to meet me, prepared to pay their respective accounts, viz.

At Tracy's Landing on Friday, May 17th.
At Pig Point on Tuesday 21st.
At Mrs. Rawlings's tavern on Friday 24th.
At Mr. John Dent's tavern on Monday 27th.
At Mr. Joseph Holland's tavern on Friday 30th.
At Mr. Basil Green's store on Monday, June 3d.
At Mr. Smith's, Poplar Spring, on Thursday 6th.
At Mr. Peter Littig's tavern, new road, on Monday 10th.
At Mr. John Talbot's tavern on Thursday 13th.
At Mr. W. Spurrier's tavern on Monday 17th.
At Mr. L. Shipley's, Elk Ridge Landing, on Thursday 20th.
At Mr. Steeples's tavern, lower ferry, on Monday 24th.
And at Hope Mills, on Magothy, on Thursday 27th.

I hope it will not be thought a hardship by any one to ride a few miles, but that every man in the county will either attend and pay his tax, or send the money by a neighbour; those failing to do so, must be waited on before I leave the neighbourhood, and I positively declare, my first visit, after having delivered the accounts, shall be the last.

As I intend to make the whole collection of the county myself, it will not be in my power to make repeated calls upon individuals, therefore indulgence is totally out of the question. I shall not spare the most opulent, and those having but little to pay need not expect favour on that head, for the aggregate of small sums make the principal part of the levy. Every man knows the taxes must be paid, and if discharged promptly, it will be as well a benefit to the individuals as to the public; at any rate, both my interest and duty require that I should complete the collection within the time prescribed by law. I have therefore thought proper to give this notice, that the people generally should be early apprised of my determination to act uniformly by this plain rule, where the assessment is not paid, to execute immediately, without any exception whatever.

W. ALEXANDER, Col. A. A. county.

As my business will necessarily often occasion my absence from town, and knowing that many persons may wish to pay their accounts in Annapolis, I therefore request them to call upon James Mackubin, Esq; who will be so obliging to receive money for me in my absence, and give receipts for the same.

W. A.

JUST PUBLISHED,
And to be sold at the Printing-Office,
Price, One Dollar and an Half,

The LAWS
OF
MARYLAND,
Passed November Session, 1798.

NOTICE,

IS hereby given to the creditors of Mr. JOSHUA LACKLAND, deceased, of Anne-Arundel county, that the subscribers will attend, on the first day of April next, at Mr. James West's tavern, in the city of Annapolis, to receive all claims against the said deceased, the creditors are requested on that day to attend with their claims, properly authenticated, at which time the subscribers will discharge the said debts, so far as assets have come to their hands, agreeably to law.

GEORGE WASHINGTON HIGGINS,
ANNE HIGGINS,
Administrators.

In CHANCERY, March 15, 1799.

ON application to the chancellor, by petition in writing, of RICHARD FORREST, of Montgomery county, praying the benefit of the act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at the last session, on the terms therein mentioned, and a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, so far as he can ascertain the same, on oath, being annexed to his petition, and the chancellor being satisfied, by competent testimony, that the said Forrest is, and at the time of passing the said act was, a citizen of the United States, and of this state, and the said Richard Forrest, at the time of presenting his petition, having produced to the chancellor the assent in writing of so many of his creditors as have due to them, according to the list aforesaid, the amount of two thirds of the debts due by him at the time of passing the said act; it is therefore adjudged and ordered, that the said Forrest, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted once in each of three successive weeks in the Maryland Gazette, before the twentieth day of April next, give notice to his creditors to appear in the chancery office, at eleven o'clock, on the third day of May next, for the purpose of recommending some person to be trustee for their benefit, on the said Richard Forrest's then and there taking the oath prescribed for delivering up his property.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 14, 1799.

George Cato against James Parsons, Clement Parsons, James Mollehon, and Mary his wife, Edward Fenwick, and others.

THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the redemption by the complainant of a tract of land in Charles county, heretofore, viz. June 12th, 1760, mortgaged, with other land, by Robert Cato, father of the complainant, to Edward Cole, and after a variety of mesne conveyances and devises, devised by Clement Parsons to the aforesaid defendant, James Parsons, Clement Parsons, and Mary Mollehon, and to Joseph Parsons and John Parsons, two other defendants; the bill states the several mesne conveyances and devises, and states further, that after the death of Edward Cole the land descended to James Cole, who devised it to James and Edward Fenwick, whose father, Ignatius Cole, without title, conveyed it to Ignatius Greenwell, under whom the before mentioned defendants claim; that the mortgage money has been fully paid, and the complainant, by his petition this day filed, alledges, that since the filing of his bill the aforesaid defendants, James and Clement Parsons, and James and Mary Mollehon, and Edward Fenwick, have removed out of the state, and now reside in other states; it is therefore, on his motion, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted three times successively in the Maryland Gazette before the 12th day of April next, to the intent that the nonresident defendants may each have notice of his application to this court, and of the substance and object of his bill, and may be warned to appear here in person, or by solicitor, on or before the second Tuesday in August next, to shew cause wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

In CHANCERY, March 18, 1799.

JAMES A. CORRY, an insolvent debtor, of Charles county, makes application as a trader, by petition to the chancellor, in writing, praying the benefit of an act for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors; there is annexed to his petition a schedule of his property, and a list of his creditors, on oath, as by the said act is required; the chancellor is satisfied, partly by testimony, and partly from his own knowledge, that he is at this time, and was at the time of passing that act, a citizen of this state, and of the United States; it is thereupon adjudged and ordered, that he appear before the chancellor, in the chancery office, on the tenth day of October next, for the purpose of taking the oath by the said act required, in presence of his creditors, and that by causing a copy of this order to be inserted three times before the tenth day of April next, in the Maryland Gazette, he give notice to his creditors to attend on the said tenth day of October, for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to lodge with the chancellor, within six months from the time of the last publication (if they shall think fit) their dissent to his being admitted to the benefit of the said act.

Test. SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.

HIGH FLYER,

Will stand to cover mares this season at South River ferry, four miles from Annapolis, from the 15th of April to the 15th of July, at twenty dollars each, if credit is required, or fifteen dollars each, and one dollar to the groom, if the money is sent with the mares, or paid by the end of the season.

HIGH FLYER is sixteen hands high, a blood bay, with a star and one white foot, and is the largest full bred horse ever imported into this country. The owners of this horse's colts have been offered from 600 to 1000 dollars for them, both in Pensylvania and Maryland. High Flyer was bred by Richard Tattersall, got by his High Flyer, which won upwards of 7000 guineas, and was never beat. Thistle, the dam of High Flyer, was got by Syphon, she was dam of Mr. Hutchison's Thistle, which was a good runner, his grand-dam by Cade, she was the dam of Mr. Shaftoe's Hunter Omnium, Herald, and Miss Barfoth, his great-grand-dam by Partner, she was the dam of Toy, Madam, the dam of Twig, Drowsey, Torismond, Alcides, the dam of young Cade, the dam of Omnium Filly, by Cade, the dam of Prioten and Villager; all capital runners, his great-great-grand-dam by Matchless, great great great-grand-dam by Brimmer, his great-great-great great-grand-dam by Places White Turk, and out of a Layton Barb mare.

JOHN CRAGGS.

N. B. Grass will be provided for mares for 3/9 per week, and every attention paid them, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

March 10, 1799.

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the estate of the rev. WALTER HANSON HARRISON, of Charles county, deceased, are requested to exhibit the same, legally authenticated, and those indebted to make speedy payment, to

WILLIAM G. ADAMS, Executor.

Nanjemoy, Charles county.

ALL persons are forewarned from trusting or crediting any one on account of the subscriber without a line from

JOHN HESSELIUS.

Primrose-Hill, near Annapolis.

Five Pounds Reward

FOR apprehending and bringing home negro TOM, who has assumed the name of Tom Tillard, he is about five feet one or two inches high, wrinkled in the forehead, very dark complexion, wears his hair or wool in whiskers, stammers very much, and is remarkably bow-legged; he went off some time in May last, under pretence of going to see his wife, who belongs to Mr Thomas R. Hodges, in Prince-George's county, near Upper Marlborough, and may probably be lurking about that gentleman's plantation; he has a number of acquaintances in that neighbourhood, and there is reason to suspect he may be concealed in some of the quarters of R. Sprigg, Esquire. I will give three pounds for lodging him in goal, so that I get him again, or the above reward, including what the law allows, for bringing him home to

JOHNSON M. O'REILLY,
near Annapolis.

I will handsomely reward any person who will convict any one of harbouring or employing said fellow, as it is my determination to put the law rigorously into execution against such offender.

NOTICE is hereby given, that the subscriber intends to apply to the next county court, for a commission to mark and bound a tract of land called Harborugh, lying and being in Anne Arundel county, agreeably to an act of assembly for that purpose.

JAMES G. HOWARD.

February 16, 1799.

WAS committed to my custody, on the 8th instant, a negro man who calls himself BILL, and then said he belonged to John Crompton, of St. Mary's county, Maryland, since which acknowledges his right master is George Hill, living on the South Branch, Virginia, and was sold to him by Matthew Crompton; he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, strait made, with a small scar over his right eye; his cloathing is an old hat, an old pair of gray trousers, old osnabrig shirt, and a clouded nankeen jacket, much worn. His master is desired to come and take him away, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences according to law.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

February 16, 1799.

THE subscriber having sustained very material injury on his property at Strawberry-Hill, is under the necessity of giving this public notice, that he will prosecute, with the utmost rigour of the law, any person who shall trespass on that estate in future.

HUGH THOMPSON.

Baltimore, March 3, 1799.

To be RENTED,

And immediate possession given,

THAT beautiful situation in the neighbourhood of Annapolis, called STRAWBERRY-HILL, containing about 175 acres; the improvements are commodious, although not in good repair, but if a respectable tenant offers (and none else need apply) a term of years will be given, and a reasonable allowance made for putting it in order. For further particulars apply to the proprietor.

HUGH THOMPSON, or
William Steuart of
Mount Steuart.

Baltimore, January 26, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody as a runaway, on the 14th instant, a dark mulatto girl, by name SABINAH, about 17 or 18 years of age 5 feet high, who says she is the property of Gerard B. Causin, Esq; and was hired this present year to a William Gates, of this county. The owner is desired to pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be sold agreeably to law for her prison fees, &c.

THOMAS A. DYSON, Sheriff of
Charles county.

January 22, 1799.

COMMITTED to my custody the 17th instant, a negro man by the name of CHARLES, who says he is a free man, and was set free by John Talbot, of Frederick county, he is about 5 feet 6 inches high, about 40 years of age, and well made, and says that he was born in Barbadoes, talks in the Guinea language, and marked on the right temple in the Guinea manner, and has lost his two under fore teeth; his cloathing is an old hat, short brown jacket with large brass buttons, purple breecher, coarse stockings, and old shoes. His master is desired to come and take him away two months from the above date, or he will be sold for his prison fees and other expences, according to law.

JOHN WELCH, Sheriff of
Anne-Arundel county.

January 29, 1799.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons that hath any claims or demands against the estate of Mr. THOMAS COALE, late of Anne-Arundel county, that they bring them in, properly authenticated, on or by the tenth day of April next, to receive a dividend of the personal estate, if necessary,

SARAH COALE, Surviving executrix.

Elk-Ridge, February 14, 1799.

ANNAPOLIS:
Printed by Frederick and Samuel Green.